

Noi Domani

Le Sfide della Longevità

Milano, 20 novembre 2018

 **POLITECNICO DI MILANO**

La Bioingegneria al Servizio dell'Invecchiamento

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- L'Unione Europea ha attivato un Progetto “**European Innovation Partnership on Active and Healthy Ageing**” (EIP-AHA) per realizzare entro il 2020 tre obiettivi primari:
- i) migliorare la salute e la qualità di vita degli anziani,
- ii) migliorare la sostenibilità e l'efficienza dei sistemi di assistenza,
- iii) creare opportunità di crescita e commerciali per le Imprese. Il solo mercato della e-Health, rivolto allo sviluppo di tecnologie e servizi in questa fascia di popolazione, si prevede che supererà i 300 miliardi di dollari nel 2020.



La Bioingegneria per il Benessere e l'Invecchiamento Attivo, M.C. Carrozza, E. Guglielmelli, R. Pietrabissa eds., Pàtron editore, Bologna 2016.

- i) Ricerca Scientifica (Materiali, Metodi e Tecnologie innovative)
- ii) Applicazioni per il monitoraggio del soggetto per la determinazione di variazioni significative di parametri di Salute ed Abitudini di Vita (indoor & outdoor)
- iii) Applicazioni per il trattamento di riduzione di deficit nell'anziano (riabilitazione, mantenimento e stabilizzazione di funzionalità residue, sviluppo di sistemi assistivi per promuovere la vita indipendente, etc.)



Vital Parameters *everywhere, everytime* for *long-term recordings* → *huge amount* of data

Challenges for BME:

- i) Innovative sensors
- ii) More sophisticated algorithms for correct detection of biomarkers in an «uncontrolled» environment
- iii) Compromises to be reached: invasivity/intrusivity vs reliability, on-board vs on-server processing, etc.



Wellbeing & Active Ageing: Challenges of a modern concept of Health Care

- Sustainability
- Technological development



To Care ↔ To Take Care

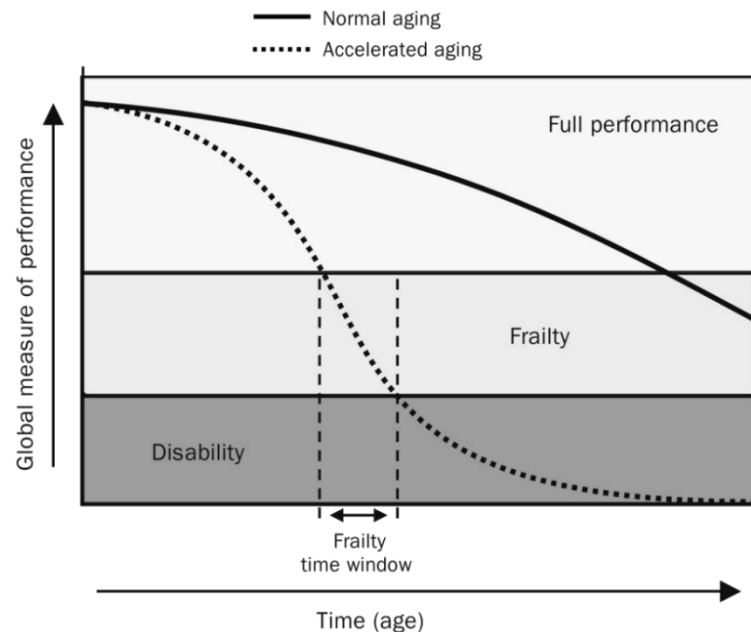


Modern concept of Health Care





Decline towards possible frailty & disability in normal ageing



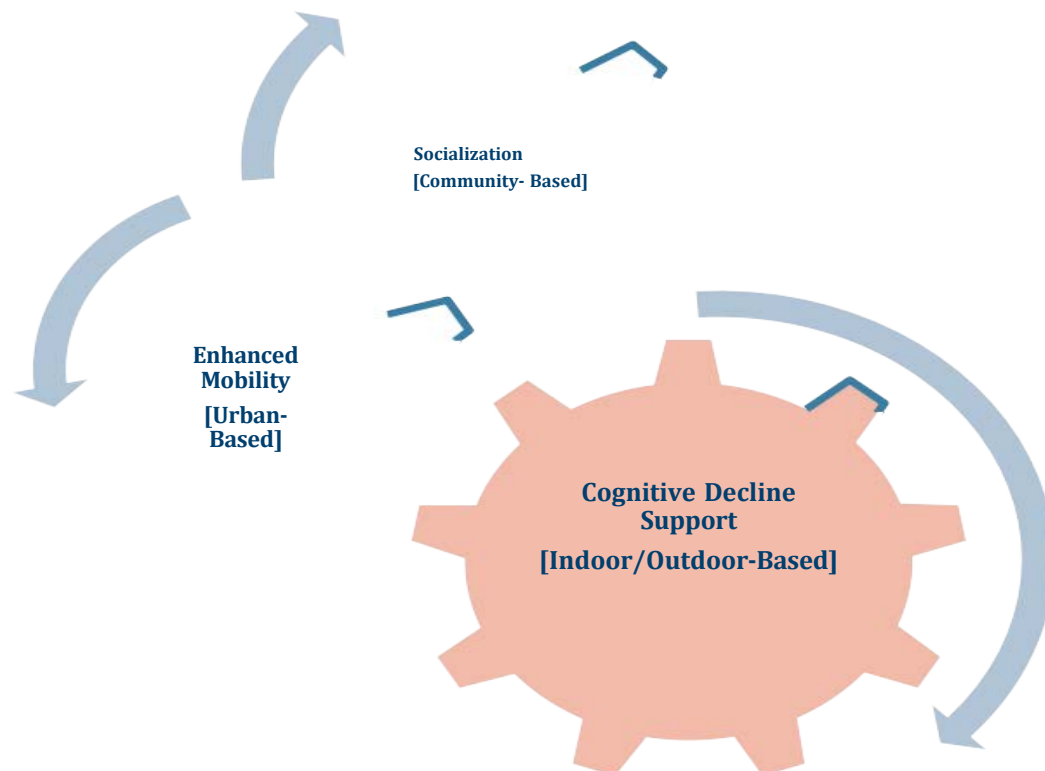


Comprehensive influences of cognitive decline

Smart wearables & sensors

Smart homes

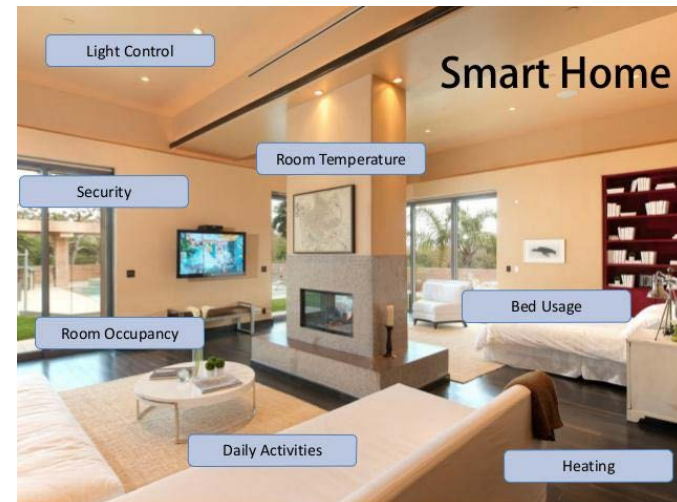
Smart urban environment



- Protesi ed ortesi



- Ambient Assisted Living (AAL)





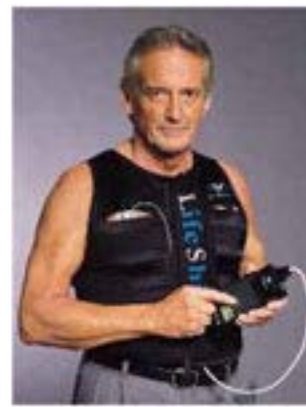
Examples of wearable devices for the monitoring of physiological parameters and activity status of the subject



(a)



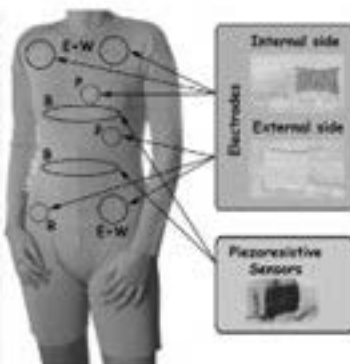
(b)



(c)



(d)



(e)



(f)



(g)

Zheng, et al., 2014



Smart Sensors



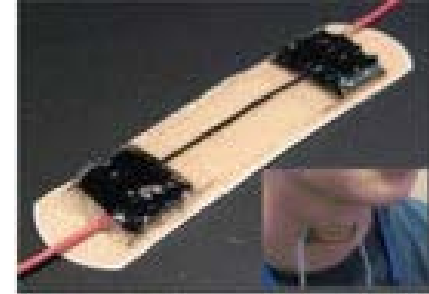
(a)



(b)



(c)



(d)



(e)

Devices which can be directly put in contact with the human body for the monitoring of vital parameters: a) multifunction device for temp & stress; b) capacity pressure sensor for radial pulse; c) e-skin (press & temp); d) respiration; e) tattoo electrochemical biosensor for lactate measurements (sweat)

Zheng, et al., 2014



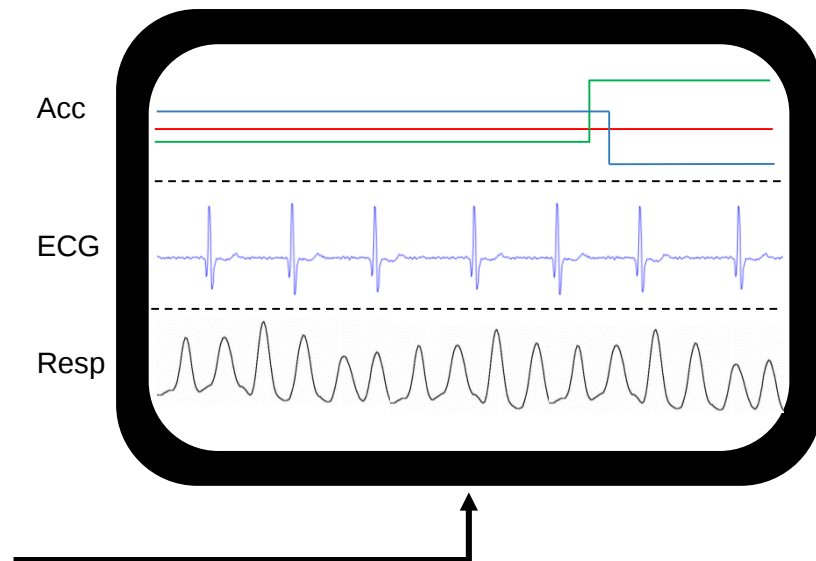
Sensorized T-shirt

- Wearable device
- ECG, Respiratory signals and Movement (accelerometers)
- Real-time signals visualization on **tablet** or *smartphone*



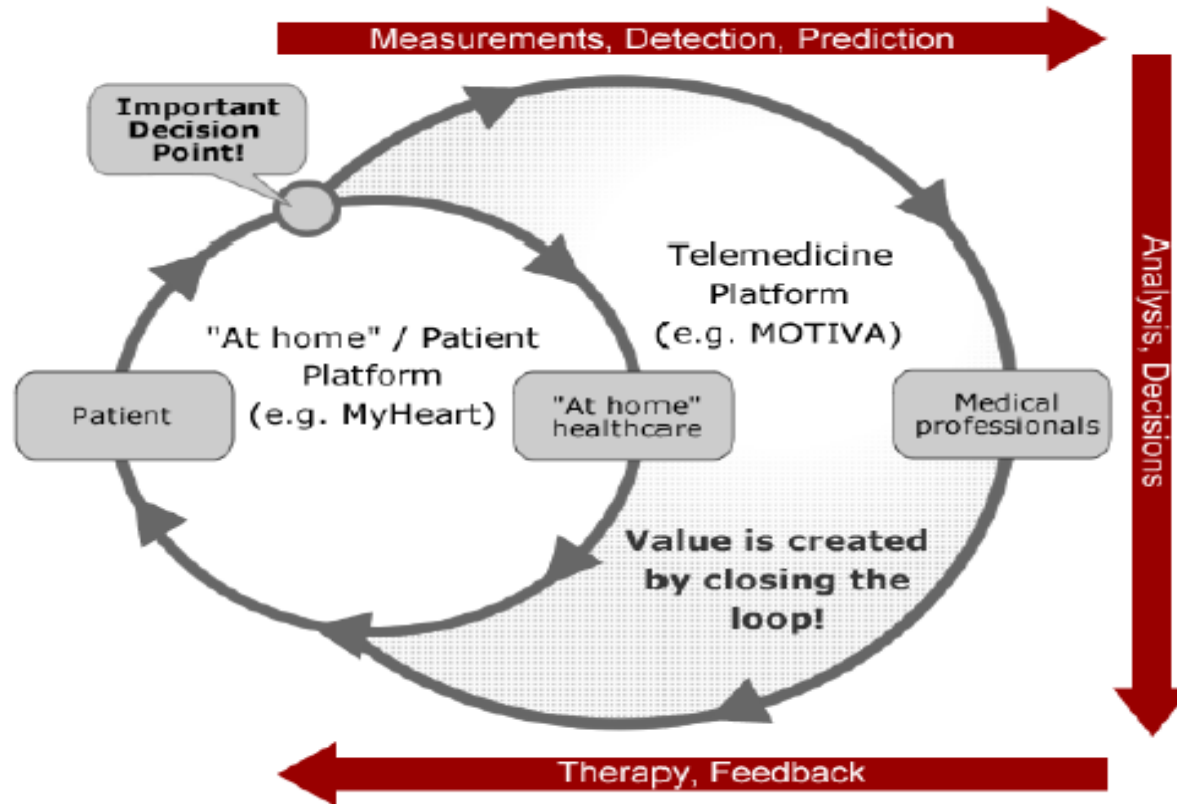
Sensors

Acquisition system and Bluetooth transmission of data to the **tablet**





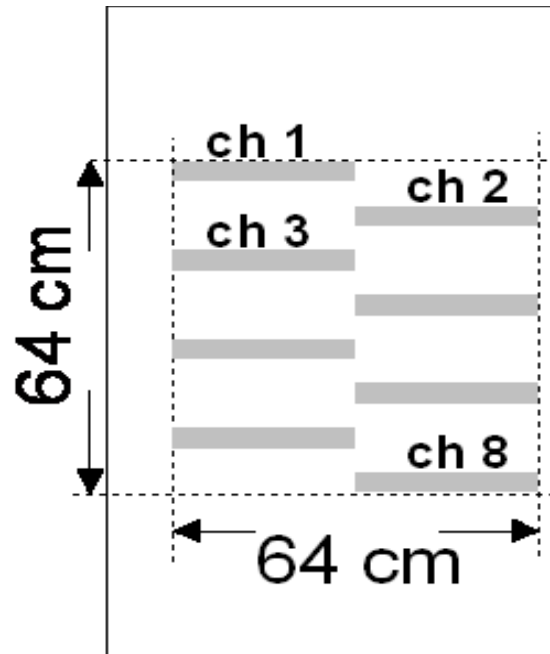
Concept of double loop



Concept of various EU Projects: double-loop patient management system, My-Heart, HeartCycle, Psyche, Welcome, Chronius



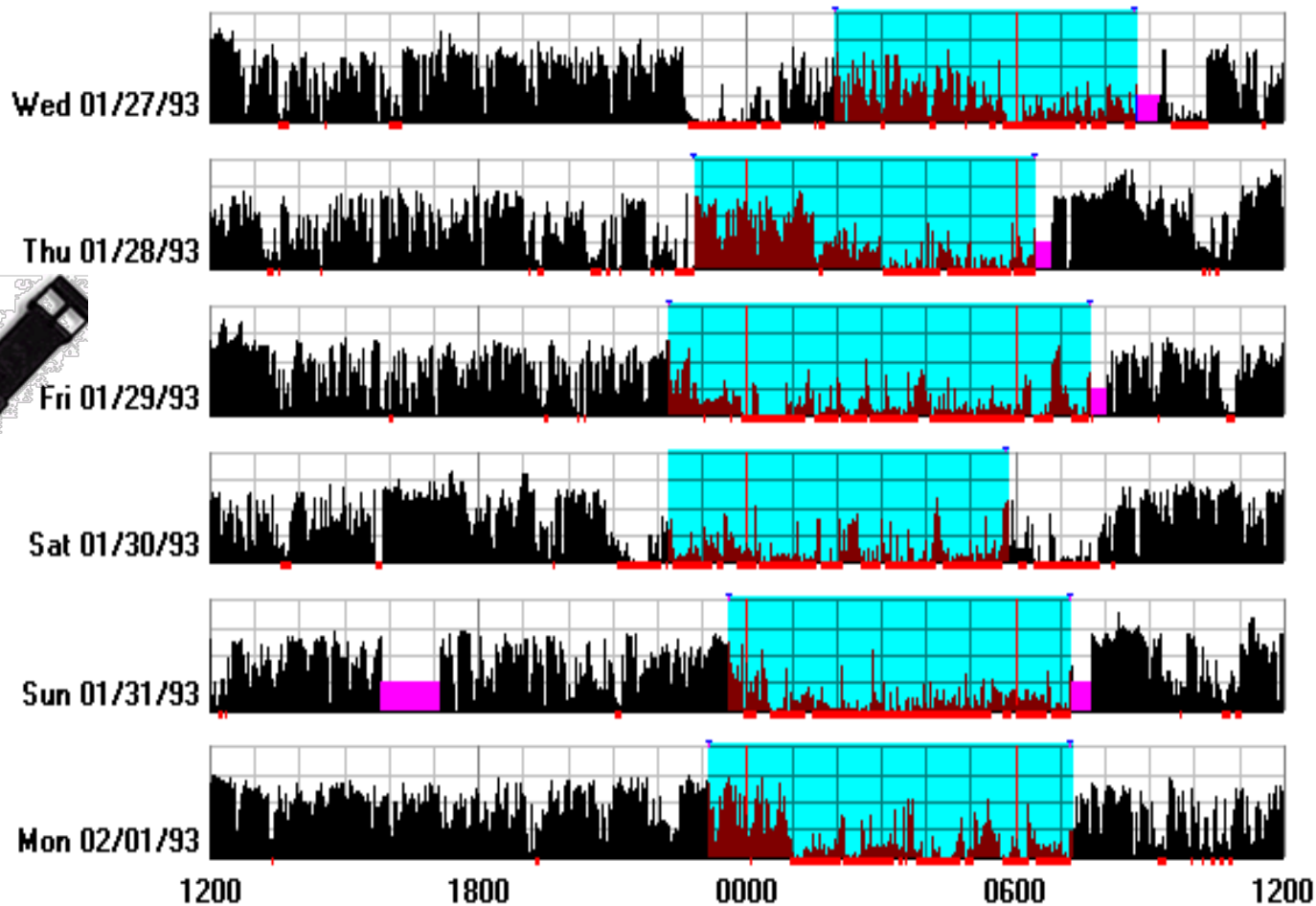
Bed Foil (VTT)



Bed Sensor with 8 channel piezo foils

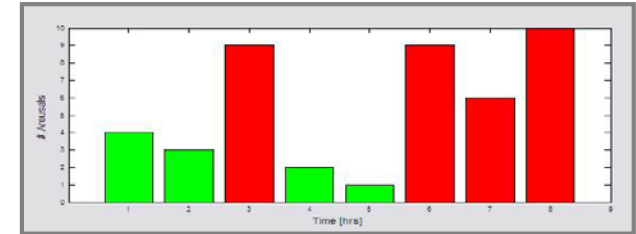
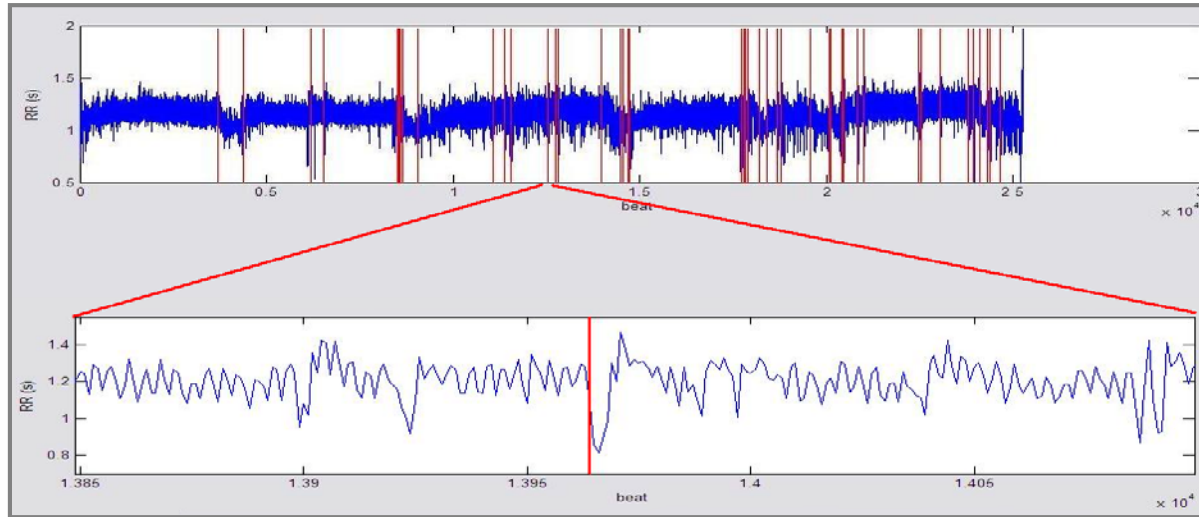


Bodily accelerometer





Sleep fragmentation index



Sensitivity = 81%
Specificity = 99%
Accuracy = 98.5%

Sleep Fragmentation Index (SFI)

$SFI = 3 * (\text{No. Arousals in TST } 1/3) + (\text{No. Arousals in TST } 2/3) + 0.33 * (\text{No. Arousals in TST } 3/3).$

SFI < 70

70 < SFI < 100

SFI > 100

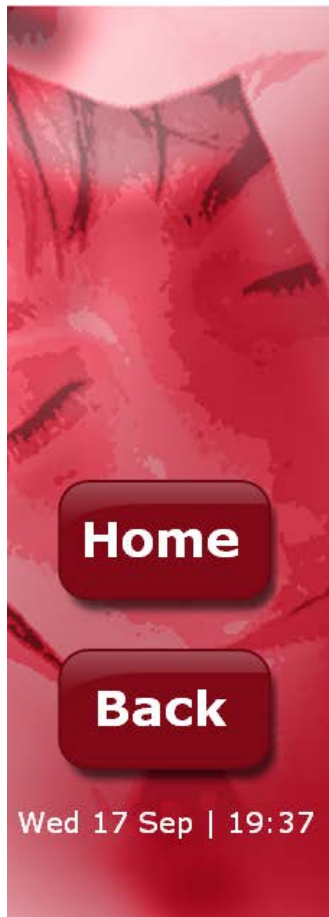
GOOD

MODERATE

BAD



Sleep fragmentation index



Your sleep quality manager

History

Statistics

Sleep Profile

Sleep index

February

March

10

0

Week

Month

Year

How to improve your sleep quality



Applications in Motor Rehabilitation

- Elderly people often experience a loss of motor capabilities (e.g., stroke, chronic diseases, etc)
- Key role of functional motor rehabilitation of upper and lower limbs

Intensive and repetitive training



- ✓ Possible rehabilitation in a home environment (physiotherapists or robotic devices)
- ✓ Repeatable therapeutic exercises

Patient active participation



- ✓ Residual muscular activity (EMG signals)
- ✓ Monitoring of brain activity (EEG signals)



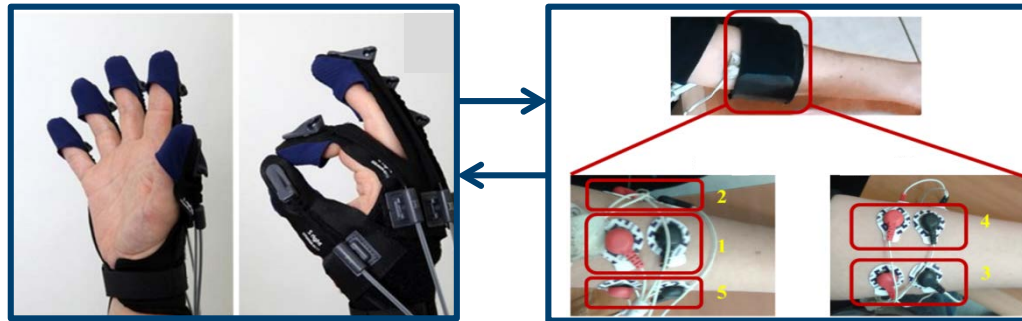
Transfer Health INnovation through Knowledge & Generate Organised technological approaches in rehabilitation

- EMG/Glove module → Hand rehabilitation through a robotic glove
- EEG module → Biofeedback based on brain activity



EMG/Glove Module

The robotic glove is triggered by the EMG activity of the patient (*M. Gandolla et al., 2016*)





Apple Watch 4



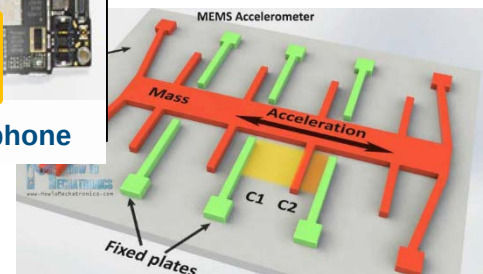
Mobile devices offer the possibility to track the resting heart rate for fitness purpose, thanks to externally-connected devices or to embedded sensors technology.



Camera-based Photoplethysmography



Accelerometer (Iphone 6)



MEMS (Micro-Electro Mechanical System) accelerometers

MEMS 3-axis accelerometer consists of a mass suspended by 4 piezo-resistive beams at the center of the sensor chip. While accelerated, the mass causes the beams to deform thus changing resistance in the piezo material.



Clinical trial involving an App Medical Device [Digital-AF Study, Antwerp, BE]

Digital-AF study



Local newspaper article
92 638 subscribers



Download the app
Create account
Scan QR-code



Information
60s recording
Symptoms



Steady position
2 measurements/day
1 week

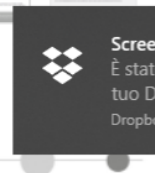


Instant feedback
Centralized reviewing
Summary report

12 328
registered users
in 48 hours

120 446
60-second PPG traces
in 1 week

ESC Congress
Munich 2018





Contactless measurement of physiological parameters

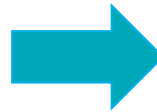
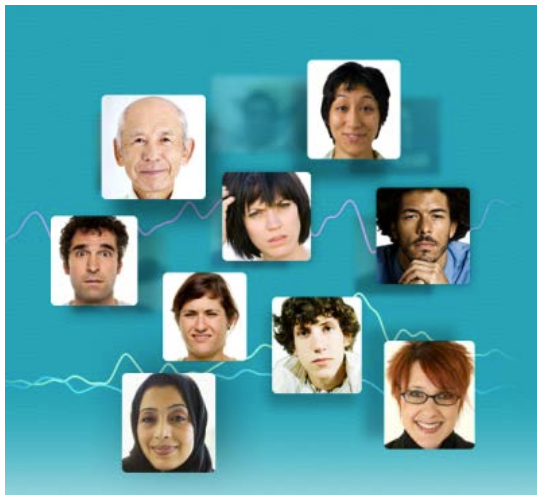


Luca Iozzia, Ph.D. student at Deit Politecnico of Milan



RECOGNITION OF FACIAL EXPRESSIONS

- Webcam
- Dedicated Software

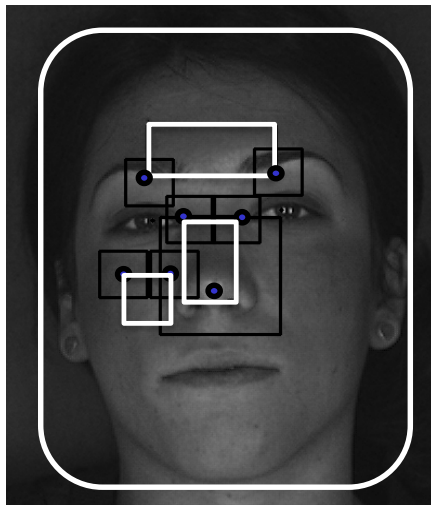




Contactless medical devices

Face recognition

Fiducial points and PPG analysis



Processing

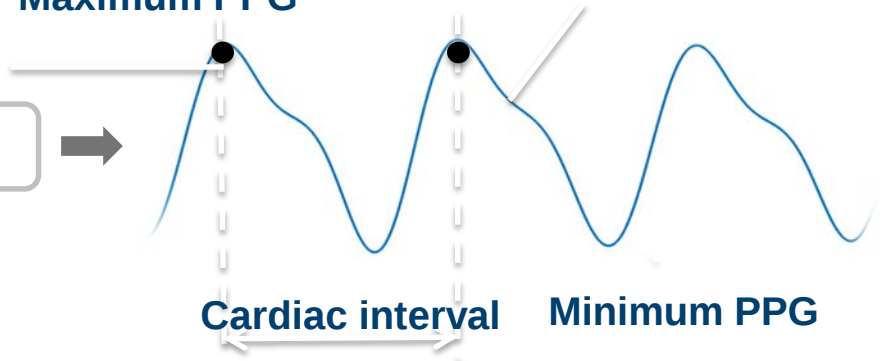
Maximum PPG

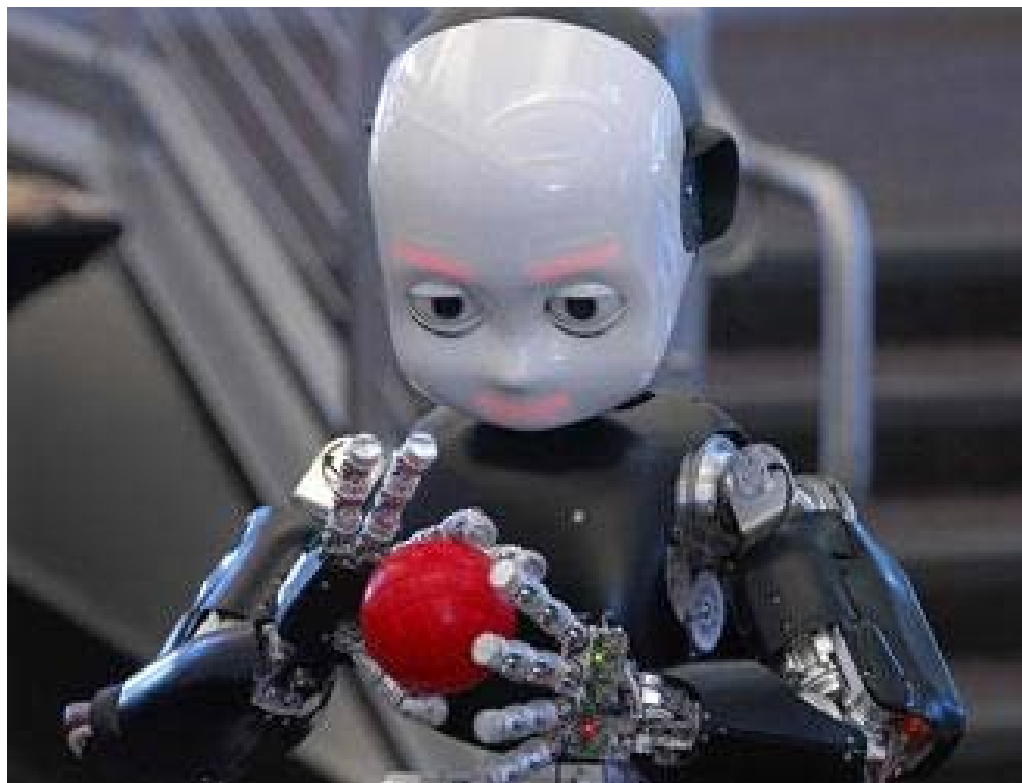
Video BVP

Dicrotic notch

Cardiac interval

Minimum PPG







Conclusions

- Advancements in mobile health (**mHealth**) technology greatly empowers and enables the possibility for unprecedented **patient participation and active engagement** in their own medical education and healthcare.
- Technological innovation: not only for **Health demands**, but also for **Life Style progresses** and **new paradigms** of **Health & Wellness**
- “**Anytime ECG monitoring**” by approved smartphone medical use has the potential to allow users to learn about and characterize their heart rates & rhythms, as well as to provide global identification and **early diagnosis** of arrhythmias at any time. Importance of the **double-loop follow-up monitor**.
- Several applications, once properly validated, could be considered (sleep monitoring, rehabilitation procedures, respiratory, neurological & cardiovascular early diagnosis and follow-up).
- Ethical problems: cost-benefit analysis, wearable, contactless, minimally invasive versus implantable devices (?)